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CLAIMS

1. A sparger system for use in a reactor, the sparger system comprising a gas outlet for passing gas into the reactor, and a gas distribution system to supply the gas to the outlet, wherein the gas distribution system feeding a sparger with gas to be ejected from the gas outlet is disposed above the sparger outlet in the system.

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- 2. A sparger system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the gas outlet is adapted to eject gas across the floor of the reactor.
- 3. A sparger system as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the sparger outlet is located at the end of the sparger, which is in turn located at the end of a distribution conduit feeding the gas to the sparger.
- 4. A sparger system as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the distance between the gas outlet and the reactor floor is less than 10 cm and/or the distance between the sparger gas outlets is at least 15 cm below the distribution system, preferably the sparger outlets are at least 30 cm below the distribution system.
 - 5. A sparger system as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the gas outlet incorporates a flow controlling means to regulate the speed of the gas jet through the outlet.
- 6. A sparger system as claimed in claim 5, wherein the flow controlling means is a Venturi-type orifice, preferably the sparger has a shroud pipe to limit the injection velocity of the gas.

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7. A sparger system as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein each sparger has a plurality of outlets directed outwardly from a sparger head and arranged equidistantly from one another around the periphery of the sparger head.

- 8. A reactor having a sparger system as claimed in any preceding claim, preferably a reactor having cooling means adapted for controlling exothermic reactions within the reactor, and wherein the spargers and the cooling means are arranged in corresponding patterns, more preferably a reactor wherein the gas outlets are disposed substantially parallel to, or are directed towards, the floor of the reactor.
- 9. A method for carrying out a reaction comprising the steps of charging a reactor with reactants and removing the reaction products from the reactor, wherein at least some of the reactants are fed into the reactor via a sparger device, which ejects the reactants through an outlet, and wherein the sparger device is fed with reactants via a distribution system that is disposed above the sparger, preferably a method wherein a plurality of sparger devices are spaced apart from one another on the floor of the reactor in a regular pattern, or a method wherein the sparger device ejects the reactants through an outlet across the floor of the reactor.
 - 10. A process for the preparation of hydrocarbons in a reactor by reacting carbon monoxide and hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst, preferably a supported cobalt catalyst, and in the presence of liquid hydrocarbons, in which process the carbon monoxide and hydrogen are introduced into the reactor by means of a sparger system according to any one or more of claims 1 to 9, optionally

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followed by hydrogenating and/or hydrocracking followed by distillation to obtain naphtha, kero, gasoil, waxy raffinate and/or base oil.